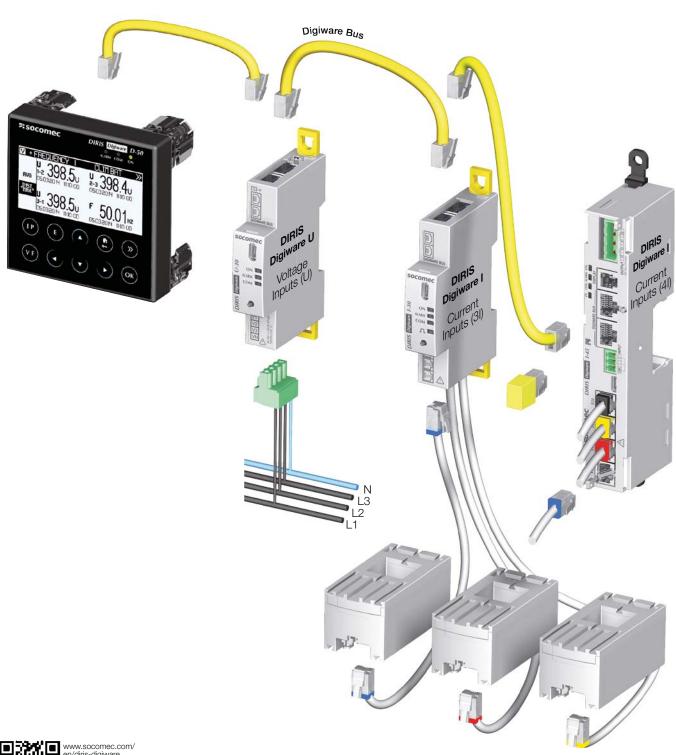


DIRIS Digiware

Measurement and monitoring system for electrical installations

ΕN





www.socomec.com



EN CONTENTS

7. STATUS AND AUTO-ADDRESSING LEDS	.38
7.1. Status LEDs	.38
7.2. Auto-addressing	.38
8. COMMUNICATION	
8.1. General information	.40
8.2. General rules	.40
8.2.1. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware C-30 system interface modu	ıle40
8.2.2. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware C-31 system interface modu	ıle41
8.2.3. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display	.41
8.3. Communication tables	.42
9. CONFIGURATION	.43
9.1. Configuration using Easy Config	.43
9.1.1. Connection modes	.43
9.1.2. Using Easy Config	.44
9.2. Configuration from the DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display	.46
9.2.1. Connection mode	.46
10. ALARMS	.47
10.1. Alarms upon events	.47
10.1.1. Electrical measurements	.47
10.1.2. Digital inputs	.48
10.1.3. Combination of alarms	.48
11. CHARACTERISTICS	.49
12. PERFORMANCE CLASSES	.53
12.1. Specification of the characteristics	.53
12.2. Evaluation of the power supply quality	.54

1. DOCUMENTATION

All documentation relating to the DIRIS Digiware its associated sensors is available on the website SOCOMEC at the following address:

www.socomec.com/en/diris-digiware



2. DANGER AND WARNING

The term "unit" used in the following paragraphs encompasses the DIRIS Digiware and their associated current sensors (TE, TR or TF).

The assembly, use, servicing and maintenance of this equipment must only be carried out by trained, qualified professionals.

SOCOMEC shall not be held responsible for failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

2.1. Risk of electrocution, burns or explosion

4	Warning: risk of electric shock	Ref. ISO 7000-0434B (2004-01)
<u></u>	Warning: refer to the accompanying documentation each time this symbol is shown	Ref. ISO 7000-0434B (2004-01)

- The assembly and servicing of this unit must only be carried out by qualified personnel with thorough knowledge
 of how to assemble, commission and operate the unit, who have completed the appropriate training. He or she
 should have read and understood the various safety measures and warnings stated in the instructions.
- Prior to any work on or in the unit, isolate the unit's voltage inputs and auxiliary power supplies.
- Always use an appropriate voltage detection device to confirm the absence of voltage.
- Replace all devices, doors, and covers before turning on power to this equipment.
- Always power the device with the correct rated voltage.
- Install the unit following the recommended installation instructions and in a suitable electrical cabinet.
- Always connect the TE, TR or TF current sensors using the recommended connection cables and observing the maximum prescribed currents.



Do NOT clamp or pull out NON-INSULATED conductors carrying DANGEROUS VOLTAGE which could cause an electric shock, burn or arc flash. Ref. IEC 61010-2-032

Failure to take these precautions could cause death or serious injuries.

2.2. Risk of damaging the unit

4	Warning: risk of electric shock	Ref. ISO 7000-0434B (2004-01)
<u></u>	Warning: refer to the accompanying documentation each time this symbol is shown	Ref. ISO 7000-0434B (2004-01)

To ensure that the unit operates correctly, make sure that:

- the unit is correctly installed.
- the auxiliary power supply voltage indicated on the product is observed: 24 VDC ± 20%.
- the network frequency indicated on the product is observed: 50 or 60 Hz.
- a maximum voltage at the voltage input terminals of 520 VAC phase/phase or 300 VAC phase/neutral must be observed.
- Always connect the TE, TR or TF current sensors using the recommended connection cables and observing the maximum prescribed currents.

Failure to respect these precautions could cause damage to the unit.

2.3. Liability

- Assembly, connection and use must be carried out in accordance with the installation standards currently in force.
- The unit must be installed in accordance with rules given in this manual.
- Failure to observe the rules for installing this unit may compromise the product's intrinsic protection.
- The unit must be positioned within an installation which complies with the standards currently in force.
- Any cable which needs to be replaced may only be replaced with a cable having the correct rating.

3. PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

To ensure the safety of personnel and the product, please carefully read the contents of these instructions before installation.

Check the following points as soon as you receive the package containing the unit, one or several sensors:

- The packaging is in good condition,
- The unit has not been damaged during transportation,
- The product reference number conforms to your order,
- The packaging includes the unit fitted with removable terminal blocks and a Quick start guide.

4. INTRODUCTION

The DIRIS Digiware is a measuring system (PMD*) with modular format. It is designed for monitoring and reporting electrical energy. The DIRIS Digiware offers a range of functions for measuring voltage, current, output, energy and quality. It can be used to jointly analyse the single-phase and three-phase loads.

The DIRIS Digiware is an innovative concept based on centralising the voltage measurement and distributing the current measurement close to the loads. The voltage is measured by a dedicated DIRIS Digiware U module and the current by dedicated DIRIS Digiware I modules. The voltage and current measurements are interconnected by the DIRIS Digiware Bus. On DIRIS Digiware I modules, three or four current inputs are available, depending on the model, enabling one or several loads to be characterised simultaneously. Several modules may be connected to the Digiware bus. This approach offers the possibility of characterising a high number of loads from a single voltage tap.

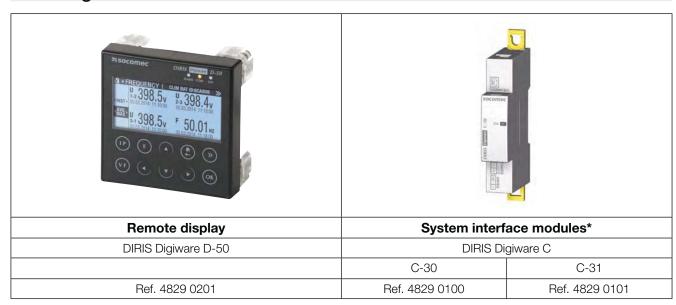
Cabling is made simple by a single voltage measurement connection. The connection mode for the current sensors also contributes to quick, easy installation and the identification of the sensor (type and rating) significantly reduces the risk of installation errors. In addition, combining the current sensor with the DIRIS Digiware means the overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + Current sensor measurement chain can be guaranteed for all values measured.

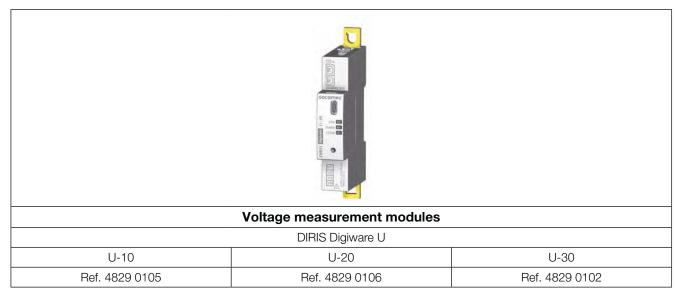
The DIRIS Digiware is configured from its remote display or via the Easy Config software. The measurements can be accessed via the WEBVIEW web server integrating the monitoring function for electrical values (Power Monitoring version) and reporting function for energy data (Power & Energy Monitoring version). WEBVIEW is available on the DIRIS G communication gateways. The consumption data can also be accessed from the energy management software HYPERVIEW.

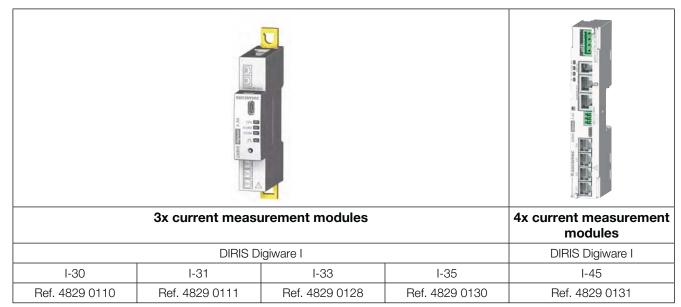
Thanks to its architecture, the DIRIS Digiware can be easily integrated into an energy management system which requires a large number of loads to be characterised.

*PMD: Performance Measuring and monitoring Device in accordance with IEC standard 61557-12.

4.1. Range



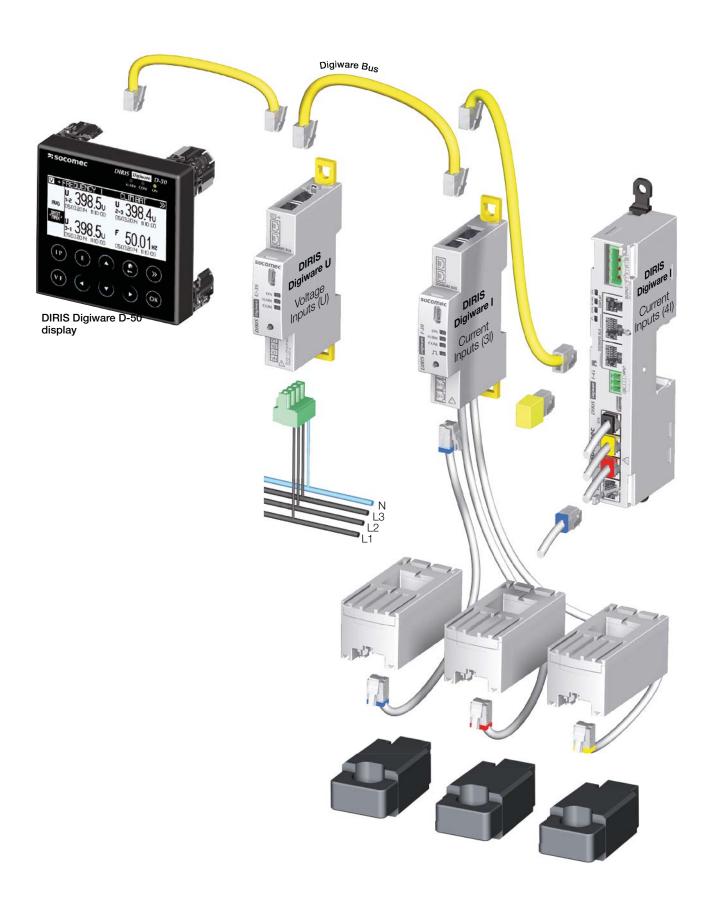




^{*} if there is no remote display

The differences between the modules are explained in the following sections.

4.2. General principal



4.3. General functions

The DIRIS Digiware boasts numerous functions, including:

General measurements

- Voltage measurement
- Multi-load current measurement
- Power, power factor, phi, cos phi and tan phi
- Operation across 4 quadrants
- Predictive power
- Guarantees the overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + Sensor measurement chain in terms of power and active energy up to class 0.5, as per IEC standard 61557-12

Quality

- Direct, inverse and homopolar voltages
- THD and harmonics up to order 63 for voltage and current
- Current and voltage unbalance
- EN50160 events (Uswl, Udip, Uint) and current overloads

Logging

- Recording of average electrical values
- Recording and timestamping of min/max electrical values

Metering

- Partial and total apparent, reactive and active energies
- Load curves

Alarm

- Timestamped alarms with boolean combination

Current inputs

- Measurement of 3 or 4 currents per current measurement module
- Current inputs with quick connection and automatic recognition of the current sensors
- Simultaneous management of several single-phase, two-phase and three-phase loads
- Connection of solid-core, split-core and flexible sensors
- Checking of the connection, detection of the CT and auto-configuration of the networks
- Guarantees the overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + Sensor measurement chain at Class 0.5 in terms of power and energy as per IEC standard 61557-12

Communication

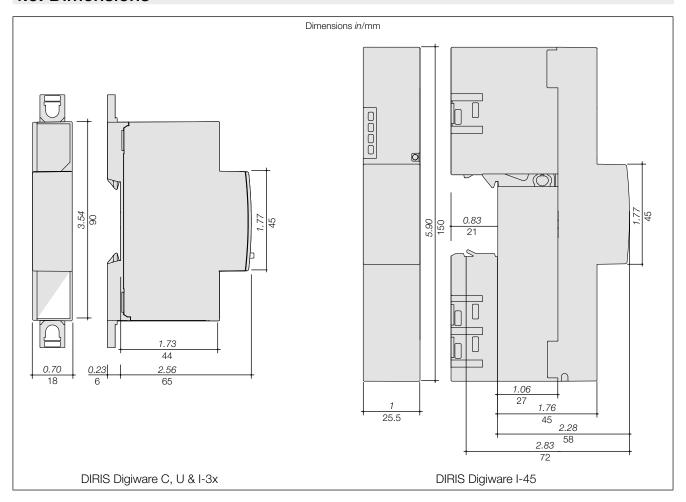
- RS485 communication
- Association with the DIRIS Digiware D-50 multi-product remote display
- Measurements available in the WEBVIEW web server of the DIRIS G gateway
- Time synchronisation by the DIRIS G gateway
- Auto-addressing in association with the gateway or the remote display.

4.4. Electrical values measured

	D	DIRIS Digiware U		
	U-10	U-20	U-30	
Multi-measurement				
U12, U23, U31, V1, V2, V3, Vn, F	×	×	×	
U system, V system			×	
Ph/N unbalance (Vnb, Vnba, Vdir, Vinv, Vhom)			×	
Ph/Ph unbalance (Unb, Unba, Udir, Uinv)			Х	
Power quality				
THD U, THD V		х	×	
Individual U & V harmonics (up to order 63)			×	
Voltage dips, outages and cut-offs (according to EN50160)			Х	
Alarms (threshold)			X	
Logs of average values			X	
Format	1 x 18mm module	1 x 18mm module	1 x 18mm module	
Reference	4829 0105	4829 0106	4829 0102	

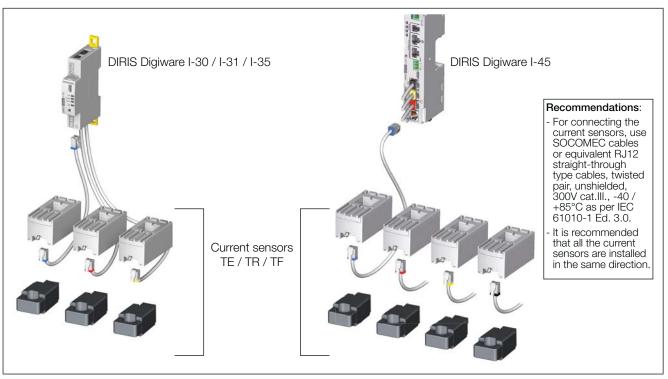
		DIRIS Digiware I				
	I-30	I-31	I-33	I-35	I-45	
Number of current channels	3	3	3	3	4	
Multi-measurement						
I1, I2, I3, In, ΣΡ, ΣQ, ΣS, ΣΡF	X	×	×	×	х	
P, Q, S, PF per phase			х	×	х	
Predictive power				x	Х	
I System				X	Х	
Current unbalance (Inba, Idir, Iinv, Ihom, Iunb)				×	×	
Phi, cos Phi, tan Phi				Х	Х	
Metering						
± kWh, ± kvarh, kVAh	X	X	Х	Х	Х	
Power management						
Load curves		Х		X	X	
Power quality						
THDI			х	×	х	
Individual harmonics (up to order 63)				×	х	
Overcurrent				Х	X	
Alarms				Х	Х	
Inputs/Outputs					2/2	
Thresholds				Х	Х	
Logs of average values				Х	Х	
Format	1 x 18mm module	1 x 18mm module	1 x 18mm module	1 x 18mm module	1.5 x 27mm module	
Reference	4829 0110	4829 0111	4829 0128	4829 0130	4829 0131	

4.5. Dimensions



4.6. Associated current sensors

Different types of current sensor can be combined with the DIRIS Digiware: solid-core (TE), split-core (TR) or flexible (TF). The difference between these sensors means they can be adapted to any type of new, existing or high-current existing installation. They use a special link with the DIRIS Digiware I current measurement module. This link provides a quick connection, with no cabling errors. The rating and type of sensor is recognised by DIRIS Digiware. In addition, combining them means the overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + Current sensor measurement chain can be guaranteed over a large measurement range.



Connection cables for current sensors:

Length (m)	Quantity	Reference
	3	4829 0580
0.1	4	4829 0585
	6	4829 0590
	3	4829 0581
0.2	4	4829 0586
	6	4829 0591
	3	4829 0582
0.3	4	4829 0587
	6	4829 0592
	3	4829 0595
0.5	4	4829 0596
	6	4829 0597
	3	4829 0583
1	4	4829 0588
	6	4829 0593
	3	4829 0584
2	4	4829 0589
	6	4829 0594

If the cables used are equivalent to SOCOMEC cables, ensure the specifications given in the recommendations are observed, and that they are a maximum of 10 metres in length.

4.6.1. TE solid-core current sensors

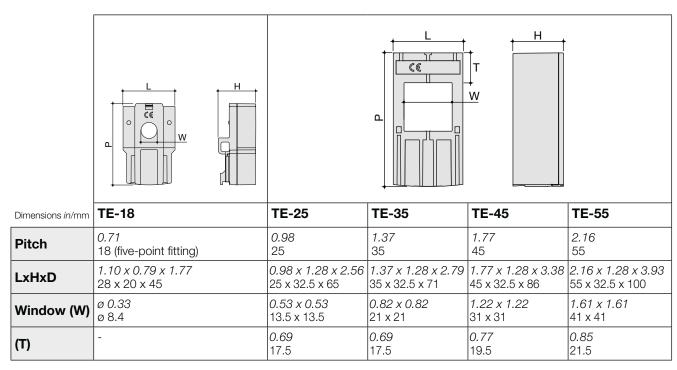
The solid-core current sensors TE are used to set up measurement points in a new or existing installation. They are easy to integrate as they are compact and respect the pitch of the circuit breakers. A wide range of accessories are also available for direct fitting on all type of cabling (cable, flexible or rigid busbar) or on a DIN rail support or plate.

Thanks to the specific link, they are recognised by the DIRIS Digiware and a high level of overall accuracy for the measurement chain is guaranteed.

4.6.1.1. Range

			1,000	The second		
	TE-18	TE-18	TE-25	TE-35	TE-45	TE-55
Pitch	18mm	18mm	25mm	35mm	45mm	55mm
I nominal	20A	63A	160A	250A	630A	1000A
Maximum I	24A	75.6A	192A	300 A	756A	1200 A
Reference	4829 0500	4829 0501	4829 0502	4829 0503	4829 0504	4829 0505

4.6.1.2. Dimensions



4.6.2. TR split-core current sensors

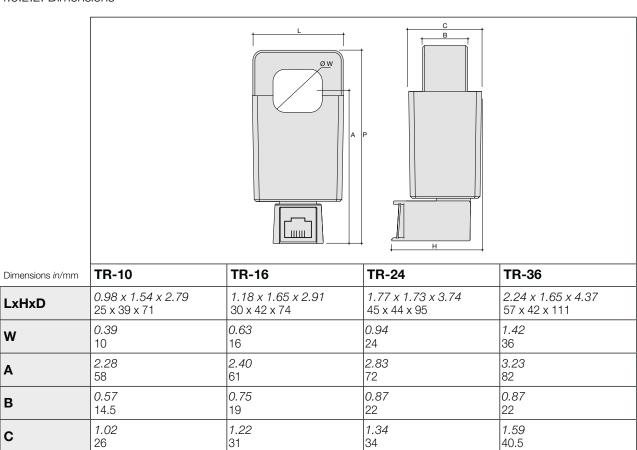
The split-core current sensors TR are used to set up measurement points in a new or existing installation without interfering with its cabling. Thanks to the specific link, they are recognised by the DIRIS Digiware and the overall accuracy of the measurement chain is guaranteed.

4.6.2.1. Range

Four models are available from 75A to 600A to analyse several types of loads.

	TR-10	TR-16	TR-24	TR-36
Cable passage diameter	ø10mm	ø16mm	ø24mm	ø36mm
I nominal	75A	100 A	200A	600A
Maximum I	90A	120A	240A	720A
Reference	4829 0551	4829 0552	4829 0553	4829 0554

4.6.2.2. Dimensions



4.6.3. TF flexible current sensors

The current sensors TF use the Rogowski principle which enables a large current range to be covered without saturation. Thanks to their stranded construction and their easy opening system, they are simple to install in electrical enclosures. They are particularly suitable for adding measuring points in existing installations and for test campaigns.

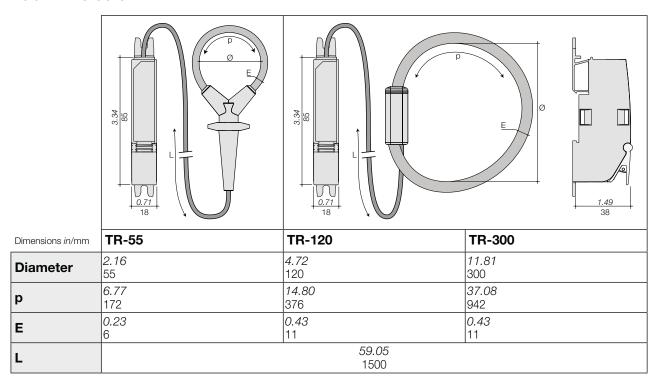
4.6.3.1. Range

Three models are available, covering a large current range up to 6000 A with different size and shape openings.

An integrator will be required to shape the current signal. The specific link allows it to be directly connected to the DIRIS Digiware, which can identify it.



4.6.3.2. Dimensions



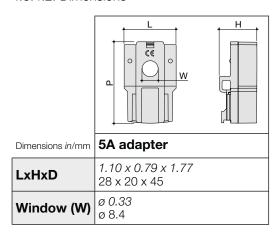
4.6.4. Adapters for 5A sensors

An adapter allows a standard sensor supplying a 5A current to the secondary to be used. When this kind of sensor is used, the overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + sensor is not guaranteed and will depend on the accuracy of the associated sensor (see standard "IEC 61557-12 annex D" for more information). DIRIS DIGIWARE - 542 875 A - SOCOMEC ΕN

4.6.4.1. Range

	SOCOME Adapter SA
	5A adapter
Nom. I	5A
Max. I	6A
Reference	4829 0599

4.6.4.2. Dimensions



5. INSTALLATION

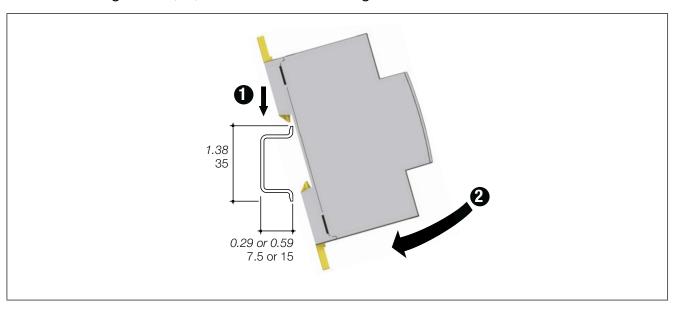
The following paragraphs describe the installation of the DIRIS Digiware and associated sensors.

5.1. Recommendations and safety

Refer to the safety instructions (section 2. Danger and warning, page 5)

5.2. DIRIS Digiware mounting

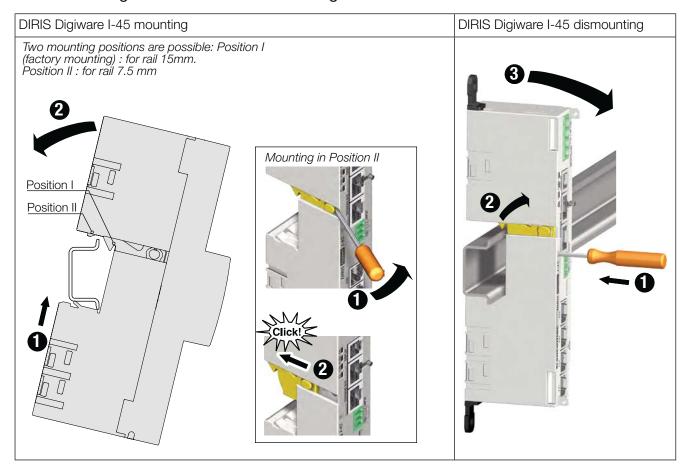
5.2.1. DIRIS Digiware C, U, I-3x - DIN rail mounting



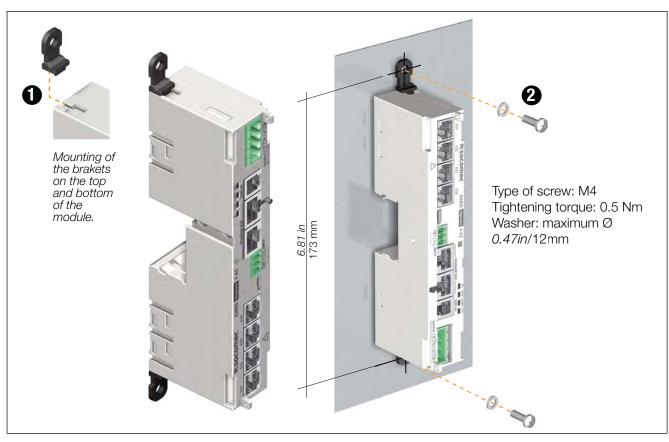
5.2.2. DIRIS Digiware C, U, I-3x - plate mounting



5.2.3. DIRIS Digiware I-45 - DIN rail mounting



5.2.4. DIRIS Digiware I-45 - DIN rail mounting



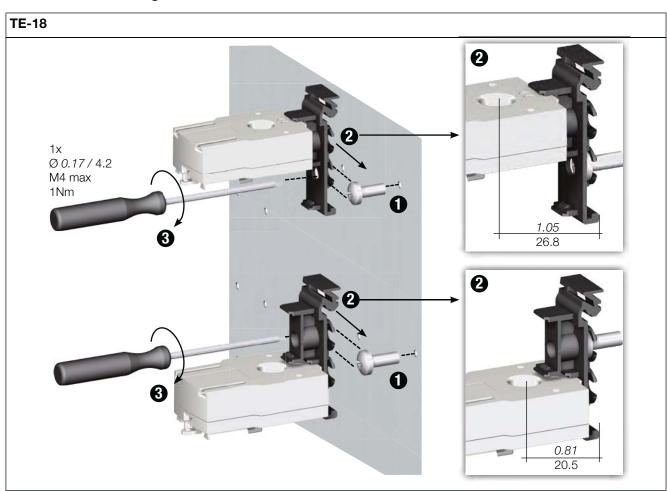
5.3. Installing TE solid-core sensors

5.3.1. Mounting accessories

The list of mounting accessories supplied with the sensors are listed below:

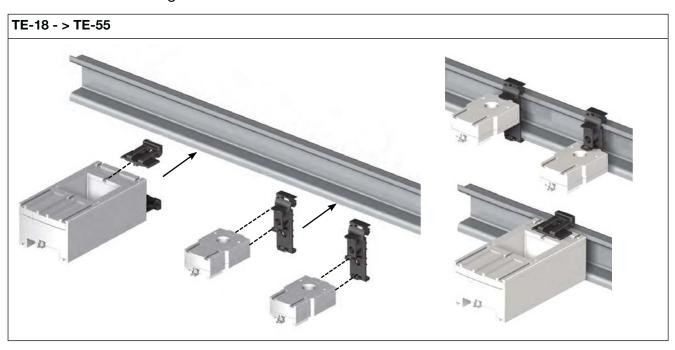
					8	
Reference		Pitch	DIN rail and base plate mounting	DIN rail mounting	Base plate mounting	Busbar mounting
4829 0500 4829 0501	TE-18	18 mm	x 1			
4829 0502	TE-25	25 mm		x 2	x 4	
4829 0503	TE-35	35 mm		x 2	x 4	x 2
4829 0504	TE-45	45 mm		x 2	x 4	x 2
4829 0505	TE-55	55 mm		x 2	x 4	x 2

5.3.2. Base-mounting

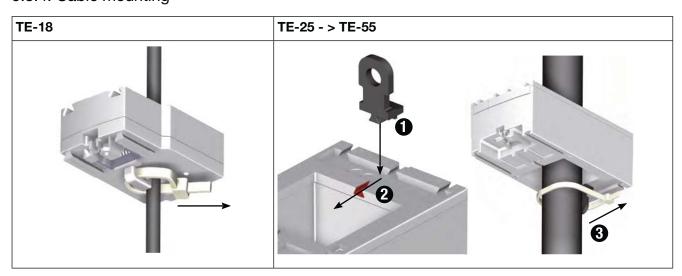




5.3.3. DIN rail mounting



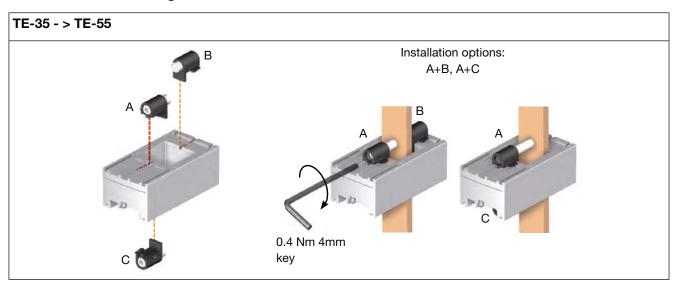
5.3.4. Cable mounting





Do NOT clamp or pull out NON-INSULATED conductors carrying DANGEROUS VOLTAGE which could cause an electric shock, burn or arc flash. Ref. IEC 61010-2-032

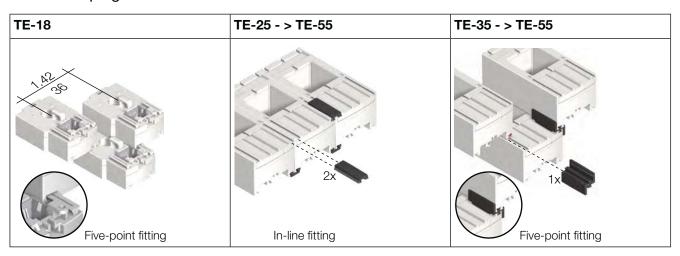
5.3.5. Busbar mounting





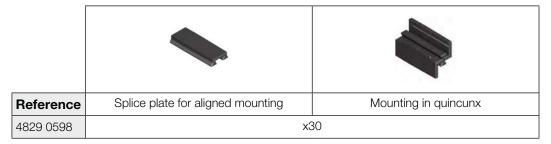
Do NOT clamp or pull out NON-INSULATED conductors carrying DANGEROUS VOLTAGE which could cause an electric shock, burn or arc flash. Ref. IEC 61010-2-032

5.3.6. Grouping the sensors



5.3.7. Sensors accessories

Mounting accessories for sensor combination:

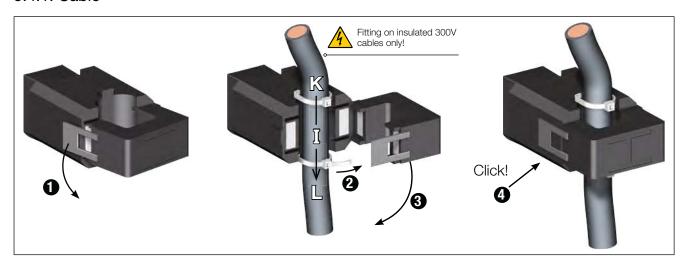


Sealing accessories for sensors:

Reference	Sealing case for terminal
4829 0600	x20

5.4. Installing TR split-core sensors

5.4.1. Cable





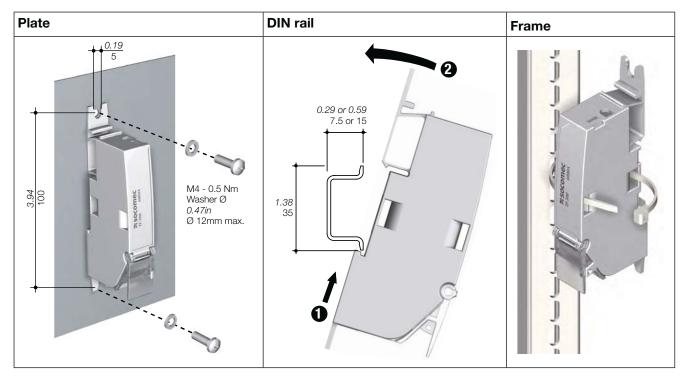
Do NOT clamp or pull out NON-INSULATED conductors carrying DANGEROUS VOLTAGE which could cause an electric shock, burn or arc flash. Ref. IEC 61010-2-032



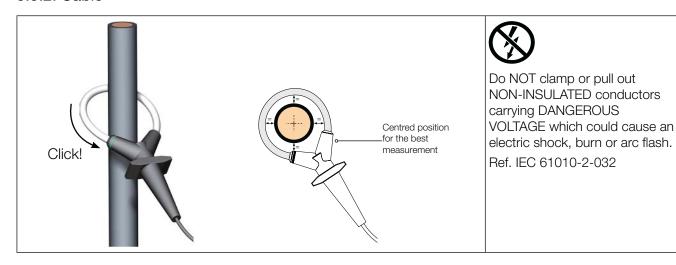
Before closing the TR sensor, check that the air gap is clean (no contamination or corrosion)

5.5. Installing TF Rogowski stranded sensors

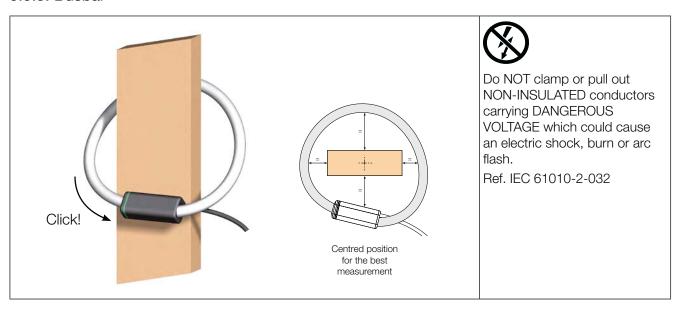
5.5.1. Installing the integrator



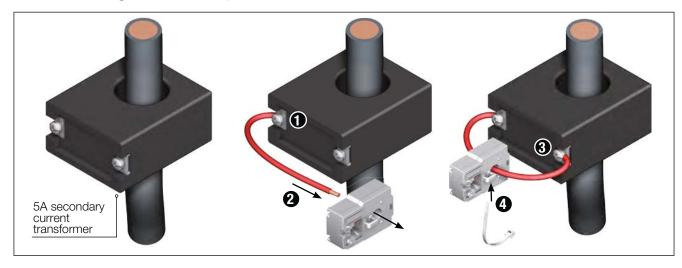
5.5.2. Cable



5.5.3. Busbar



5.6. Installing the 5A adapter



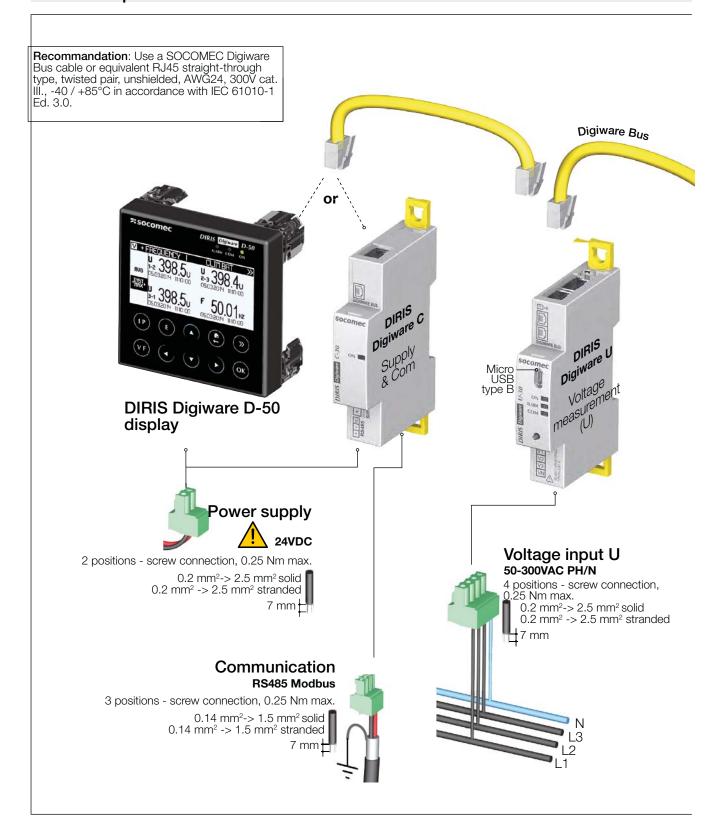


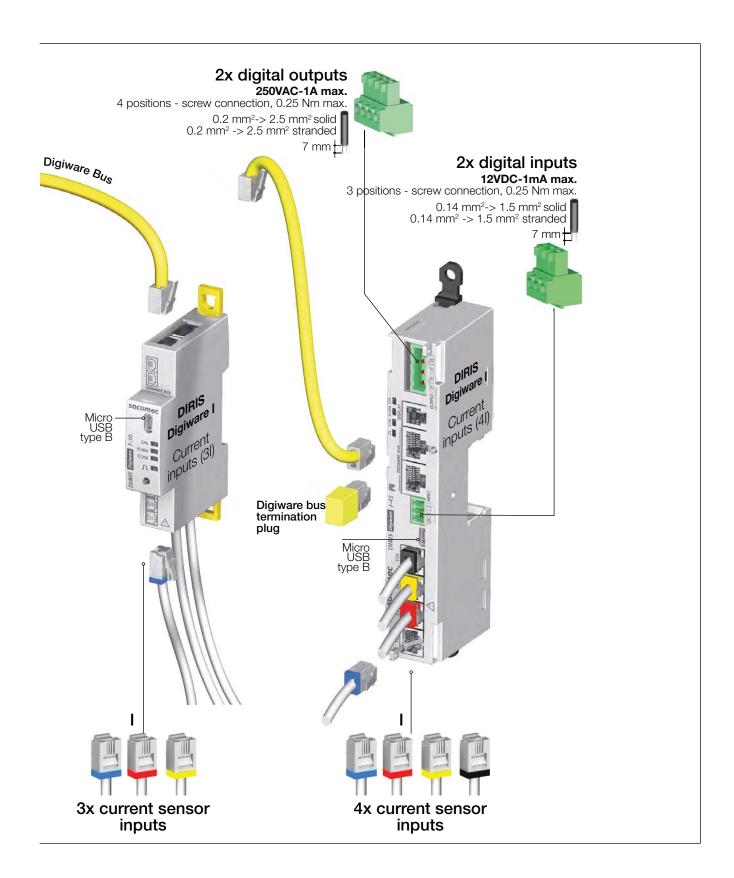
Do NOT clamp or pull out NON-INSULATED conductors carrying DANGEROUS VOLTAGE which could cause an electric shock, burn or arc flash.

Ref. IEC 61010-2-032

6. CONNECTION

6.1. Description of the terminals





6.2. Connecting and sizing the power supply

The DIRIS DIGIWARE are supplied by a single 24V power point via the DIRIS Digiware C system interface module.



A 230V/24V power supply is available: in a 15 W version.

Sizing of the power supply

Product	Power supplied (W)	Power consumed (W)
Power supply		
P15 230V/24V Reference: 48290120	15	
Cables		
50-metre package		1.5
System interface		
DIRIS Digiware C-31		0.8
Display		
DIRIS Digiware D-50		2
Voltage acquisition module		
DIRIS Digiware U-10		0.72

	1			
Current acquisition module				
DIRIS Digiware I-30		0.52		
DIRIS Digiware I-31		0.52		
DIRIS Digiware I-35		0.52		
DIRIS Digiware I-45		1.125		

For example, it is possible to use a P15 230V/24 transformer:

- With 1x DIRIS Digiware D-50 display, 1x U-10 / U-30 voltage acquisition module and 50 metres of cables
- 20x DIRIS Digiware I-30 / I-31/ I-35 modules

DIRIS Digiware U-30

• 8x DIRIS Digiware I-45 modules

It is also possible to use a P15 230V/24 transformer:

• Without a DIRIS Digiware D-50 display, 1x C-31 system interface, 1x U-10 / U-30 voltage acquisition module and 50 metres of cables

and

• 22x DIRIS Digiware I-30 / I-31/ I-35 modules

• 9x DIRIS Digiware I-45 modules

0.72

6.3. Loads and network connection

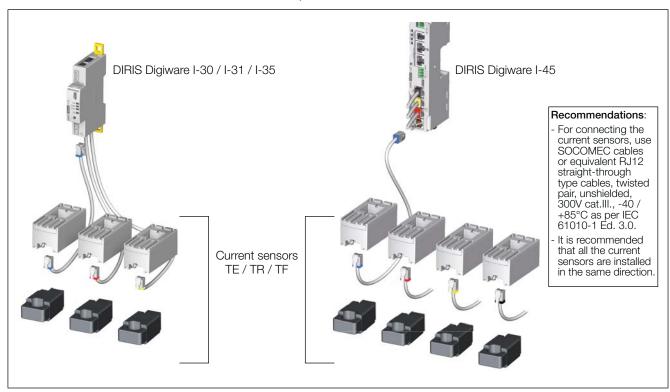
The DIRIS Digiware can be used on single-phase, two-phase or three-phase networks.

Each DIRIS Digiware I current acquisition module can simultaneously measure several loads, for example a three-phase load and a single-phase load. This approach allows great flexibility in terms of where it is fitted in the installation.

The loads are measured using several types of current sensor (solid-core, split-core, Rogowski) selected depending on the new, existing or high-current existing application. The link between each DIRIS Digiware I current acquisition module and its associated sensors is made using specific cables. This connection enables rapid, tool-free installation, with no risk of a cabling error, in complete safety, and also offer automatic detection of the connected sensor.

Furthermore, the DIRIS Digiware can identify the majority of types of loads to be measured: single-phase, three-phase with or without neutral using 1, 2, 3 or 4 sensors for balanced or unbalanced loads.

The overall accuracy of the DIRIS Digiware + sensors measurement chain is guaranteed To guarantee this accuracy, SOCOMEC current sensor connection cables or equivalent must be used.



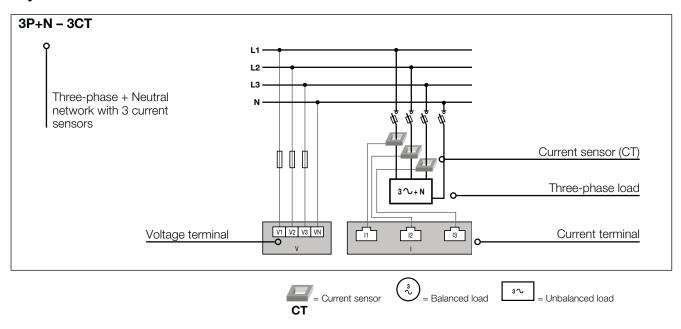
6.3.1. Configurable loads based on the type of network

The following table summarises the loads which can be configured based on the installation's type of network

Network type	Configurable load
1P+N	1P+N - 1CT
2P	2P – 1CT
2P+N	2P+N - 2CT / 2P - 1CT / 1P+N - 1CT
3P	3P – 3CT / 3P – 2CT / 3P – 1CT
3P+N	3P+N-4CT / 3P+N-3CT / 3P+N-1CT / 3P-3CT / 3P-2CT / 3P-1CT / 1P+N-1CT

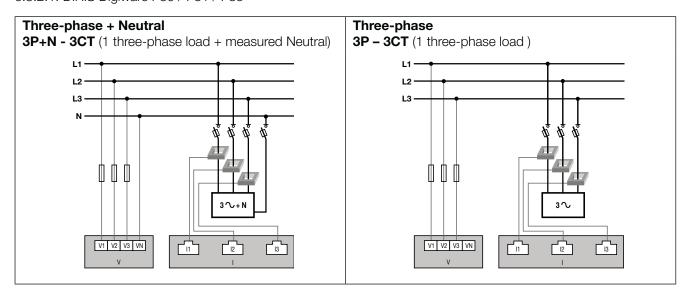
6.3.2. Description of the main network and load combinations

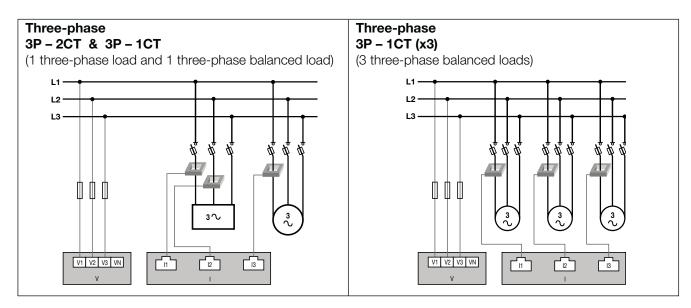
Key:

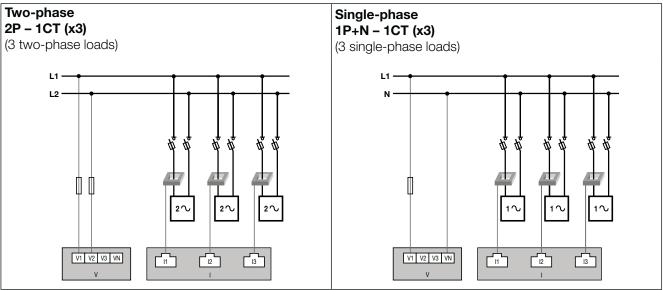


Each current input is individual; see below for some examples of connections:

6.3.2.1. DIRIS Digiware I-30 / I-31 / I-35

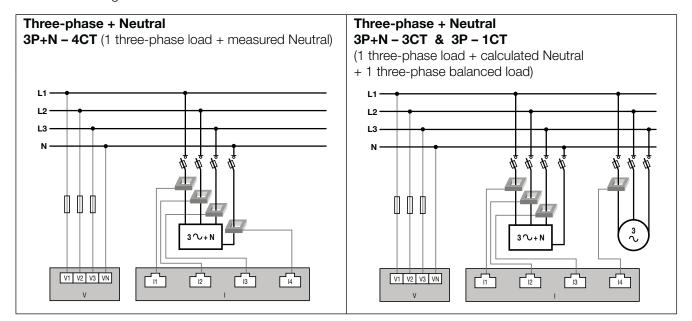




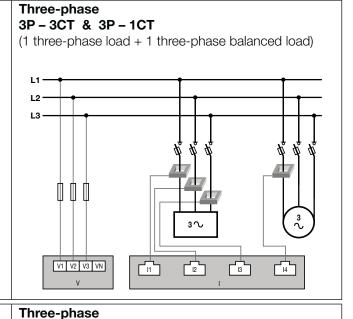


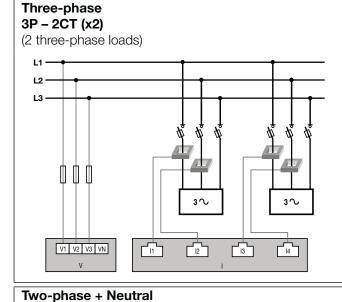
Fuse: 0.5 A gG / BS 88 2A gG / 0.5 A class CC

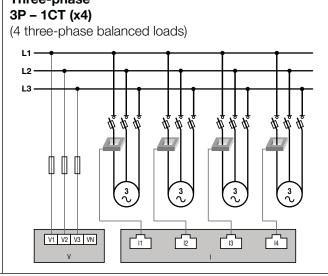
6.3.2.2. DIRIS Digiware I-45

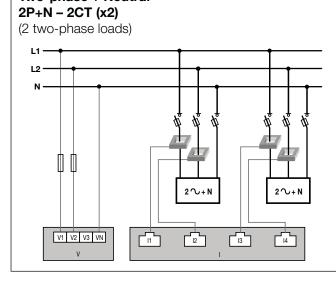


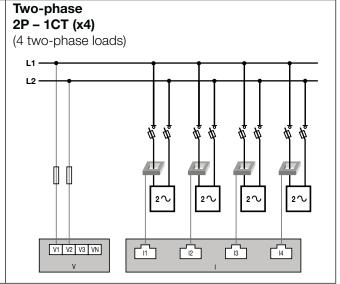
Three-phase + Neutral 3P+N - 3CT & 1P+N - 1CT (1 three-phase load + calculated Neutral + 1 single-phase load)

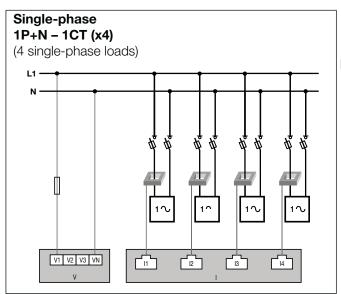












Fuse: 0.5 A gG / BS 88 2A gG / 0.5 A class CC

Notes relating to connections:

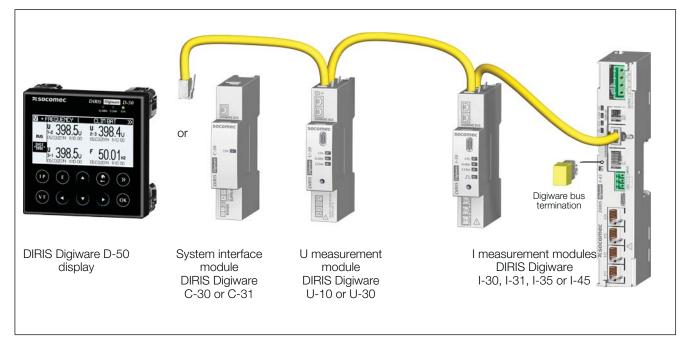
*In three-phase, this connection reduces the accuracy of the phases, the current for which is worked out by vector calculation, by 0.5%.

**3P+N - 1CT or 3P - 1CT: these connections require a three-phase network that is perfectly balanced.

The Easy Config software can be used to select numerous other configuration variants for the types of loads and associated network voltages.

6.4. Digiware Bus connection

6.4.1. Connection concept



The DIRIS Digiware is a system which must comprise the following elements:

- One DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display or one DIRIS Digiware C-30 or C-31 system interface module
- One DIRIS Digiware U-10 or U-30 voltage measurement module
- One or several DIRIS Digiware I-30, I-31, I-35 or I-45 current measurement modules
- One Digiware Bus termination (ref. 4829 0180) plugged on the last current module. It's provided with the DIRIS Digiware D-50 display and the DIRIS Digiware C-30 or C-31 systeme interface module

33

6.4.2. Digiware Bus connection cables

Length (m)	Quantity	reference
0.1	1	4829 0181
0.5	1	4829 0182
1	1	4829 0183
2	1	4829 0184

Use the shortest possible length of cable to optimise the electromagnetic emissions.

If the cables used are equivalent to SOCOMEC cables, ensure the specifications given in the recommendations in section "6.1. Description of the terminals, page 26) are observed, and that they are a maximum of 100 metres in length.

6.4.3. Digiware bus termination

Quantity	reference
1	4829 0180

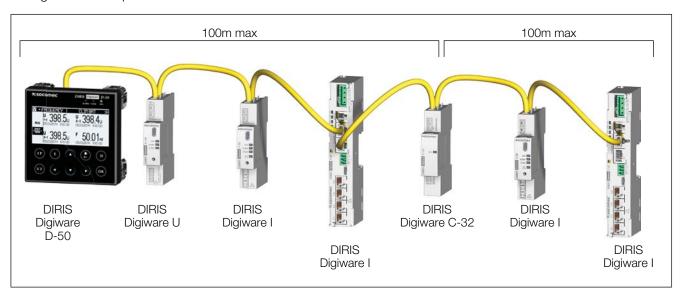
6.4.4. Using a Digiware bus repeater

A repeater must be used when the installation requires a long Digiware bus length (> 100 m) to connect one or several current measurement modules at a distance from the module measuring the voltage or if the power of the supply is not sufficient for the number of current modules connected. (see section "6.2. Connecting and sizing the power supply, page 28). Up to 2 DIRIS Digiware C-32 repeaters can be used.

Example: > 32 DIRIS Digiware I-3x or > 16 DIRIS Digiware I-45.



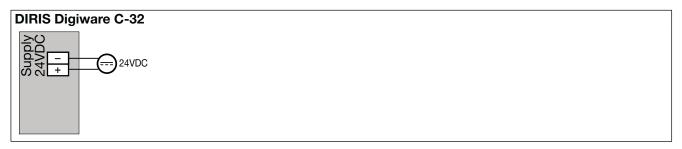
Configuration example:





The DIRIS Digiware U voltage module must be located upstream of the repeater.

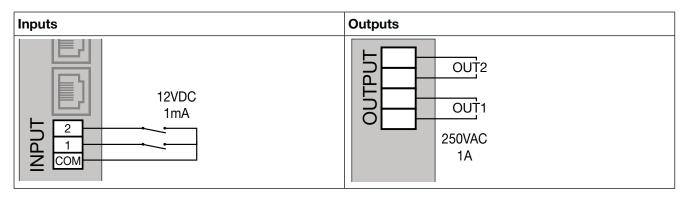
The repeater has a 24VDC power supply.



35

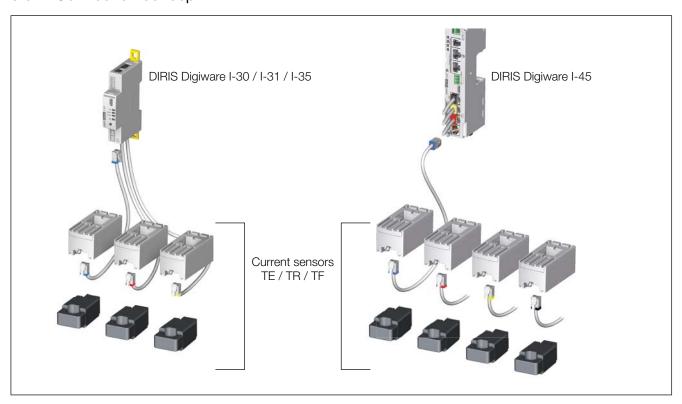
6.5. Connecting the inputs/outputs

2 logic inputs/outputs are available on the DIRIS Digiware I-45.



6.6. Connecting the current sensors

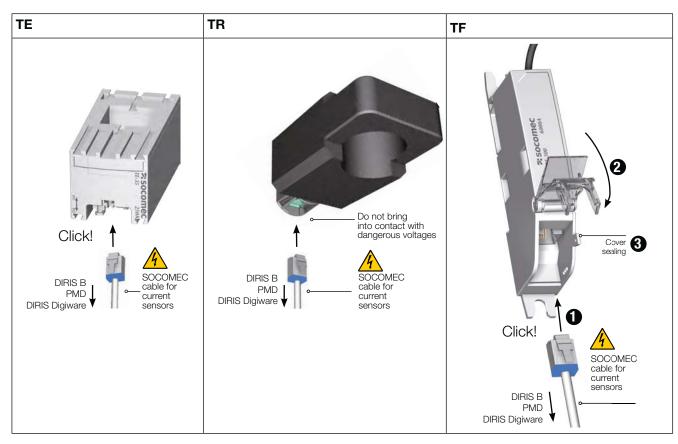
6.6.1. Connection concept



Recommendations:

- Use SOCOMEC cables for the current sensors, or equivalent cables, of the following type: RJ12, straight-through, twisted pair, unshielded, 300V cat.III. -40 / +85°C accordance with IEC 61010-1 Ed. 3.0.
- It is recommended that the current sensors are installed in the same direction.

6.6.2. Detail of the connections for each current sensor

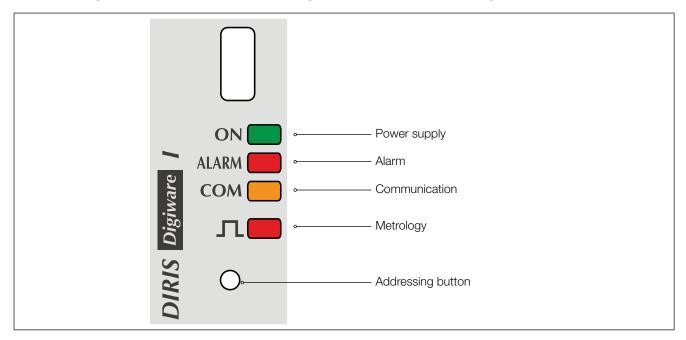


7. STATUS AND AUTO-ADDRESSING LEDS

7.1. Status LEDs

These LEDs can be used to find out the status of the product at any time.

The addressing button is used to automatically assign a Modbus address from the gateway.



LED status	Fixed	Blinking	Pulse
ON	In operation	10 seconds - On request via a Modbus control to identify the device (remote screen,)	1 second to start-up
ALARM	An alarm (logic/analogue) is active (takes priority if there is a set-up alarm at the same time)	At least one set-up alarm is active (current sensor disconnected, V/I not compatible,)	1 second to start-up
СОМ	Addressing problem.	Address OK	1 second to start-up and when a frame received is processed
Л	-	-	Corresponds to the metrological pulse weight

7.2. Auto-addressing

The auto-addressing mode is used to automatically allocate the addresses to the products connected to the DIRIS G-30, G-40, G-50 and G-60 gateways and to the DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display. This mode is only compatible with DIRIS B-30 and DIRIS Digiware type PMDs. The addresses will be allocated manually on the other PMD (DIRIS A) and meters (COUNTIS).

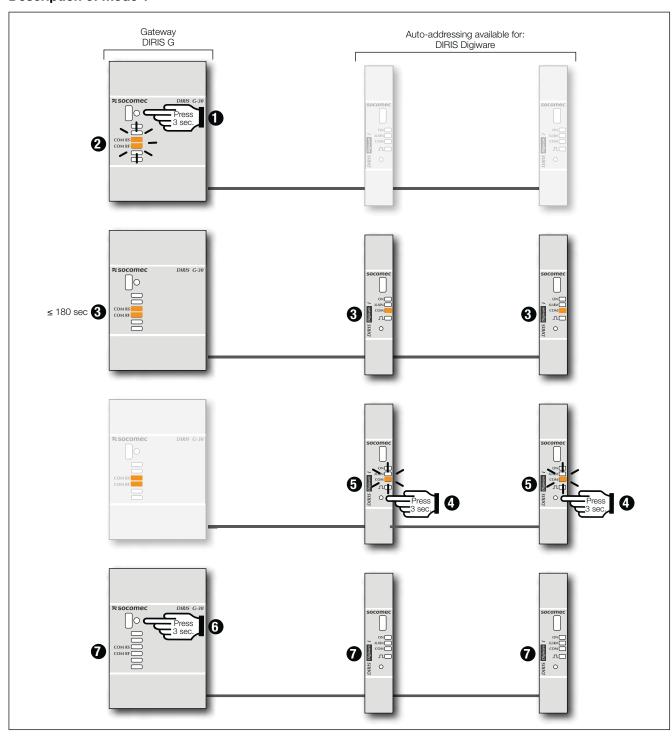
Three modes are available:

- Mode 1 Auto-detection and automatic addressing
- Mode 2 Auto-detection and choices of addresses
- Mode 3 Auto-detection and choices of addresses based on the serial number

Mode 1 is manual (see description below).

Modes 2 and 3 are carried out from a PC equipped with Easy Config. These 2 modes are described in the Easy Config manual.

Description of mode 1





The DIRIS Digiware U and DIRIS Digiware I modules benefit from auto-addressing mode. They are always connected to the DIRIS G gateway via a DIRIS Digiware C module.

When a DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display is used, it replaces the DIRIS G gateway for autoaddressing.

Note: During the auto-addressing process, the RS485 line is reserved for allocating addresses and no other exchange of data is possible at this time.

8. COMMUNICATION

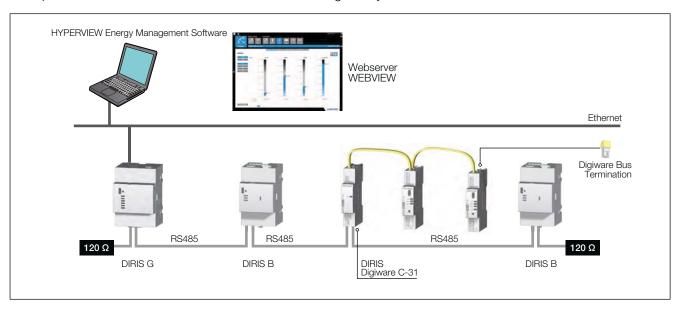
8.1. General information

The DIRIS Digiware communicates via RS485 using the Modbus protocol. RS485 communication is available at a single point either on the DIRIS Digiware D-50 display or on the DIRIS Digiware C-30 or C-31 system interface module. It takes place via an RS485 serial link (2- or 3-wire) in accordance with the Modbus RTU protocol.

With the RS485 link, the DIRIS Digiware can be directly connected to a PC, a PLC or to the G30, G40, G50 and G60 gateways (see the corresponding manual for more details) to exploit the data.

The Modbus protocol requires a dialogue with a master/slave structure. The mode of communication is the RTU (Remote Terminal Unit). In a standard configuration, an RS485 link enables the interconnection of 32 products to a PC, a PLC or the gateway over a distance of 1200 metres.

Example of architecture in combination with the DIRIS G gateway:



8.2. General rules

A certain number of rules must be respected when the DIRIS Digiware is connected using RS485. These rules are set out in the paragraphs below.

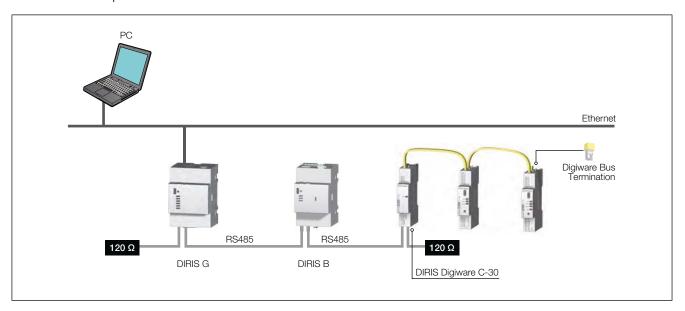
8.2.1. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware C-30 system interface module

In an RS485 link, the DIRIS Digiware C-30 system interface module will always be placed at the end of the RS485 link.

The following rules must be observed:

- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the start of the RS485 link
- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the end of the RS485 link
- A termination must be added at the end of the Digiware bus.

Connection example:



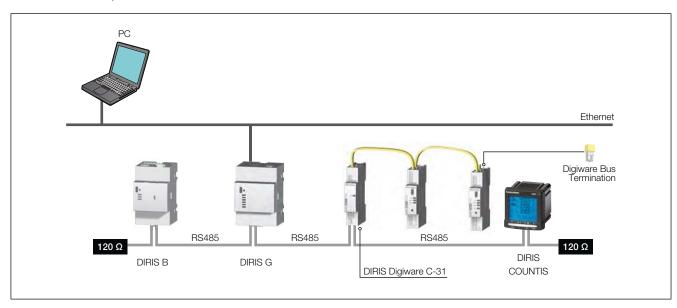
8.2.2. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware C-31 system interface module

In an RS485 link, the DIRIS Digiware C-31 system interface module may be placed anywhere in the RS485 link.

The following rules must be observed:

- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the start of the RS485 link
- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the end of the RS485 link
- A termination must be added at the end of the Digiware bus.

Connection example:



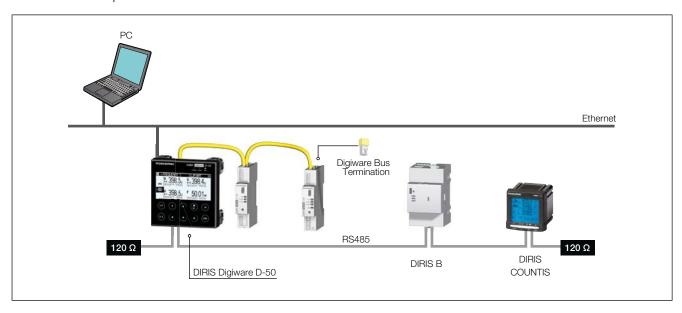
8.2.3. Connection with the DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display

In a RS485 link, a DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display is used as a gateway and enables a connection with the DIRIS Digiware bus and the RS485 bus.

The following rules must be observed:

- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the start of the RS485 link
- \bullet A 120 Ω resistor must be added at the end of the RS485 link
- A termination must be added at the end of the Digiware bus.

Connection example:



8.3. Communication tables

The communication tables and associated explanations can be found on the documentations page for the DIRIS Digiware on the SOCOMEC website at the following address:

www.socomec.com/en/diris-digiware



9. CONFIGURATION

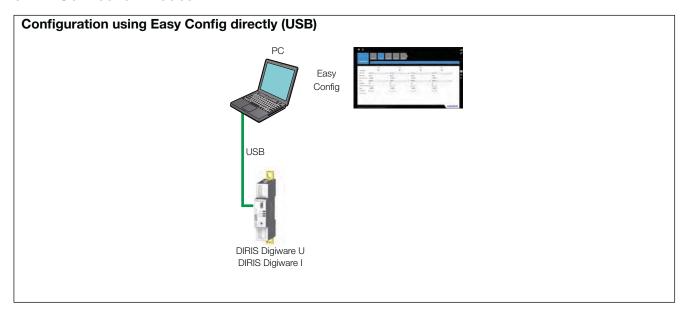
Configuration can be carried out using the Easy Config configuration software or directly from the remote display. The Easy Config software is used to configure the DIRIS Digiware directly via RS485 or USB. Easy Config must be installed before using the USB connection.

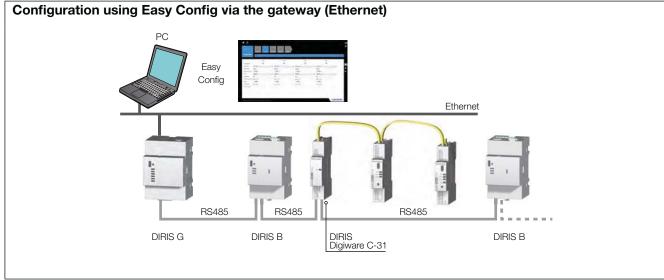
If the DIRIS Digiware is combined with the G30, G40, G50 or G60 gateway, it can be configured via this and the Ethernet port or USB.

To set the parameters from the remote display, refer to the manual for the display.

9.1. Configuration using Easy Config

9.1.1. Connection modes





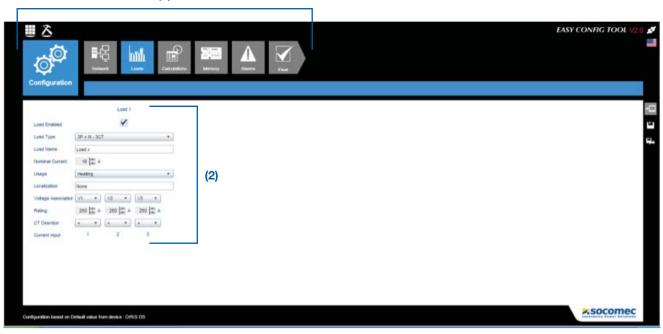
For the Bus Digiware and 120-ohm termination resistors, see section"Communication", page 40.

9.1.2. Using Easy Config

Easy Config is configuration software used to set product parameters easily and quickly. Parameters are set in successive steps:

Network \rightarrow Loads \rightarrow Measurement method \rightarrow Values to be stored \rightarrow Alarms \rightarrow End of configuration

(1)



For each configuration parameter selected (1), a special custom screen appears for the connected product (2).

Network configuration

In the electrical network configuration menu, the user selects the type of network (three-phase, single-phase,...), the nominal voltage, the network frequency, the direction of phase rotation and whether or not a voltage transformer is used.



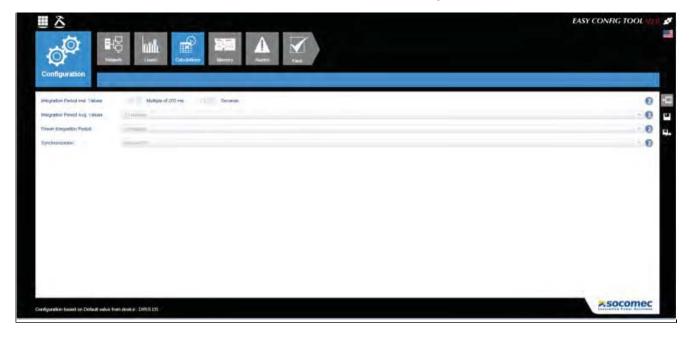
Configuring the loads

The number and type of loads can be accessed in the load configuration menu. The user can also define its nominal current, the name of the load, its usage and its location within the electrical installation.



Calculation method

The calculation methods for the various electrical parameters and the integration time are defined in this screen.

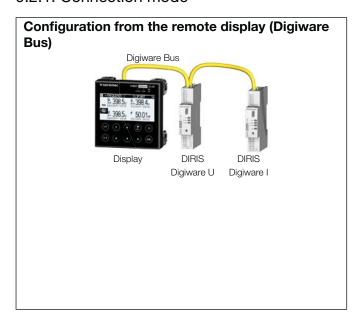


Alarms

The type of alarm and the configuration is performed via Easy Config, see section "10. ALARMS, page 47 for more details.

9.2. Configuration from the DIRIS Digiware D-50 remote display

9.2.1. Connection mode



Refer to the manual for the DIRIS Digiware D-50 display for more details.

10. ALARMS

10.1. Alarms upon events

Alarms can be generated when a threshold is exceeded for the electrical measurements, consumption, variations in level or change in input status. Also, combinations can be made on the alarms created.

All alarms detected are saved and timestamped; an alarm can have 3 distinct statuses: Alarm active, Alarm completed, Alarm completed and acknowledged. Alarms can be acknowledged either automatically or by user action, as required.

Up to 8 alarms for an electrical measurement are configured per item of equipment and 4 for changes in status of a digital input.

The alarms are configured via the Easy Config software.

10.1.1. Electrical measurements

10.1.1.1. Electrical parameters

- Alarm upon variation in the instantaneous or average value of an electrical value: Current, voltage, frequency, power, power factor, Cos phi, total harmonic distortion
- Selection of the hysteresis and an upper/lower threshold
- Setting a time delay at the start and end of the alarm
- For the associated total harmonic distortion, voltage and current three-phase values, an alarm may be generated if the condition is fulfilled on a combination of phases:
 - On a single-phase: Phase1, Phase2, Phase3
 - On all the phases simultaneously: Phase1 and Phase2 and Phase3
 - On one phase of the three phases: Phase1 or Phase2 or Phase3

Example of configuring an alarm on the current via Easy Config:



10.1.1.2. Voltage and current unbalance (in a three-phase network)

- Alarms on voltage unbalances: Unba, Unb
- Alarm upon current unbalance: Inba, Inb
- Selection of the hysteresis and an upper/lower threshold
- Setting a time delay at the start and end of the alarm

10.1.1.3. EN 50160 voltage quality events

• Alarms on quality events for the voltage provided: voltage dips (Udip), temporary overvoltages (Uswl) and voltage outages (Uint), taking the occurrence into account: number, reference period.

10.1.1.4. Consumption

- Alarm on the energies: Ea+, Ea-, Er+, Er-, Eap (total or partial)
- Choice of an upper (consumption too high) or lower (consumption too low) threshold

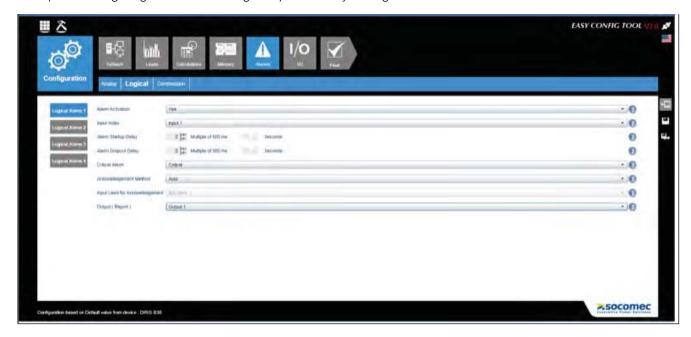
10.1.1.5. Analogue inputs

- Alarm upon variations in the temperature or analogue input
- Selection of the hysteresis and an upper/lower threshold
- Setting a time delay at the start and end of the alarm

10.1.2. Digital inputs

- Alarm upon change of status for a digital input
- Choice of a rising or falling edge
- Setting a time delay at the start and end of the alarm

Example of configuring an alarm on a digital input via Easy Config:



10.1.3. Combination of alarms

• 4 boolean combinations (OR, AND) on the defined alarms (electrical values, energy, inputs...)

11. CHARACTERISTICS

Mechanical characteristics					
DIRIS Digiware C system interface module, DIRIS Digiware U voltage measurement module, DIRIS Digiware I current measurement modules					
Types of casing	Modular for DIN rail and base plate mounting				
Protection index for the casings	IP20 / IK06				
Protection index for the front faces	IP40 on the tip for modular mounting / IK06				
Weight (g) of C-xx system interface modules	65				
Weight (g) of U-xx voltage measurement modules	64				
Weight (g) of I-3x current measurement modules	63				
Weight (g) of I-45x current measurement modules	133				

Electrical characteristics					
DIRIS Digiware C - system interface module					
Input voltage	24 VDC ± 20%				
Connection	Removable screw terminal block, 2 positions, stranded or solid 0.2 2.5 mm² cable				
Link with U-xx voltage module	Digiware Bus				
DIRIS Digiware U - Voltage measurement modules					
Measured network characteristics	50-300VAC (Ph/N) - 87-520VAC (Ph/Ph) - CAT III				
Frequency range	4565Hz				
Network type	Single-phase / Two-phase / Two-phase with neutral / Three-phase / Three-phase with neutral				
VT primary/secondary measurement	400 000 VAC / 60, 100, 110, 173, 190 VAC				
Input consumption	≤ 0.1 VA				
Permanent overload	300VAC Ph/N				
Rated impulse voltage	IEC 60947-1 V. IMP: 6.4kV				
Connection	Removable screw terminal block, 4 positions, stranded or solid 0.2 2.5 mm² cable				
Link with DIRIS Digiware I current module	The first DIRIS Digiware I current module is linked to the DIRIS Digiware U voltage module by a Digiware Bus				
DIRIS Digiware I - Current measurement modules					
Number of I-3x inputs	3				
Number of I-45x inputs	4				
See characteristics for associated TE, TR, TF sensors					
Connection	RJ12 connector and special cable				
Link with DIRIS Digiware U voltage module	The first DIRIS Digiware I current module is linked to the DIRIS Digiware U voltage module by a Digiware Bus				
Link with DIRIS Digiware I current module	The DIRIS Digiware I current modules are interconnected by Digiware Bus with bus termination for the last module				

DIRIS Digiware I-45 input/output characteristics			
Inputs			
Number of inputs	2		
Type of power supply	Optocoupler with internal (12VDC) polarisation		
Input functions Logic state, pulse counter			

Connection	Removable screw terminal block, 3 positions, stranded or solid 0.14 to 1.5 mm² cable
Outputs	
Number of outputs	2
Туре	Relay / 230V ±15% - 1A
Function	Configurable alarm (current, power,) when thresholds are exceeded or status remotely controlled
Connection	Removable screw terminal block, 4 positions, stranded or solid 0.2 to 2.5 mm ² cable

Communication characteristics				
RS485				
Link	RS485			
Type of link	2 3 half duplex wires			
Protocol	Modbus RTU			
Speed	1200 115200 bauds			
Function	Configuration and reading of centralised data on the DIRIS Digiware U and all of the DIRIS Digiware I linked by the Digiware bus			
Location	Single point on DIRIS Digiware C			
Connection	Removable screw terminal block, 3 positions, stranded or solid 0.14 to 1.5 mm² cable			
USB				
Link	USB 2			
Protocol	Modbus RTU over USB			
Function	Individual configuration of the U-xx voltage measurement module and the linked I-xx current measurement modules			
Location	On each DIRIS Digiware U and I measurement module			
Connection	By type B micro USB connector			

Environmental characteristics				
Operating temperature	-10 +70°C (IEC 60068-2-1/IEC 60068-2-2)			
Storage temperature	-25 +70°C (IEC 60068-2-1/IEC 60068-2-2)			
Humidity during operation	55°C / 97% RH (IEC 60068-2-30)			
Altitude during operation	< 2000m			
Vibration	0.35mm, 25 Hz (IEC 61557-12 Ed 1.0)			
Impact resistance	1J (IEC 61010-1 Ed 3.0)			

Electromagnetic compatibility				
Immunity to electrostatic discharges	IEC 61000-4-2 LEVEL III			
Immunity to radiated radio-frequency fields	IEC 61000-4-3 LEVEL III			
Immunity to electrical fast transients/bursts	IEC 61000-4-4 LEVEL IV			
Immunity to impulse waves	IEC 61000-4-5 LEVEL IV			
Immunity to conducted disturbances	IEC 61000-4-6 LEVEL III			
Immunity to power frequency magnetic fields	IEC 61000-4-8 400A/m LEVEL IV			
Conducted emissions	CISPR 11 Group1 - CLASS B			
Radiated emissions	CISPR 11 Group1 - CLASS B			
Immunity to voltage dips and short interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11 LEVEL III			

Safety	
	Compliance with Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC of 12th December 2006 (EN 61010-1:2010)
Insulation	Installation category III (300VAC Ph/N), degree of pollution 2

Service life	
MTTF (mean time to failure)	> 100 years

Characteristics for the sensors	,										
TE - solid-core sensor	10	TE 10	o-		 4-						
Model	TE-18	TE-18	TE-25	TE-35	TE-45	TE-55					
Nominal current (A)	20	63	160	250	630	1000					
Max current (A)	24	75.6	192	300	756	1200					
Weight (g)	24	24	69	89	140	187					
Max voltage	300V										
Rated withstand voltage		3kV									
Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz									
Transient overload	10x ln ov	er 1 sec									
Measurement category	CAT III										
Degree of protection	IP30 / IK0	06									
Operating temperature	-10 +7	70°C									
Storage temperature	-25 +8	35°C									
Relative Humidity	95% RH	without cond	densation								
Altitude	< 2000m										
Connection	SOCOME pair, unsh	EC cable or enielded, 300	equivalent st V cat.III40/	raight-throu	gh RJ12 cab	ole, twiste					
TR - Split-core sensor											
Model	TR-10	TR-16	TR-24	TR-36							
Nominal current (A)	75	100	200	600							
Max current (A)	90	120	240	720							
Weight (g)	74	117	211	311							
Max voltage	300V		'		,						
		3kV									
Rated withstand voltage	3kV										
	3kV 50/60 Hz										
Frequency Transient overload	50/60 Hz										
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category	50/60 Hz 10x In ov	er 1s									
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III	er 1s 06									
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKO	er 1s 06 70°C									
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature Storage temperature	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKO -10 +7 -25 +8	er 1s 06 70°C	densation								
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKO -10 +7 -25 +8	er 1s 06 70°C 85°C without cond	densation								
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Altitude	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKC -10 +7 -25 +8 95% RH < 2000m SOCOME	er 1s 06 70°C 85°C without cond	equivalent st		gh RJ12 cab	ole, twiste					
Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Altitude Connection	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKC -10 +7 -25 +8 95% RH < 2000m SOCOME	er 1s 06 70°C 85°C without cond	equivalent st		gh RJ12 cab	ole, twiste					
Rated withstand voltage Frequency Transient overload Measurement category Degree of protection Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity Altitude Connection TF - Flexible sensors Model	50/60 Hz 10x In ov CAT III IP20 / IKC -10 +7 -25 +8 95% RH < 2000m SOCOME	er 1s 06 70°C 85°C without cond	equivalent st		gh RJ12 cab	ole, twiste					

Weight (g)	114	142	220	
Max voltage	600V			
Rated withstand voltage	3.6kV			
Frequency	50 / 60 Hz			
Transient overload	10x In over 1s			
Measurement category	CAT III			
Degree of protection	IP30 / IK07			
Operating temperature	-10 +70°C			
Storage temperature	-25 +75°C			
Relative humidity	95% RH without condensation			
Altitude	< 2000m			
Connection	SOCOMEC cable or equivalent straight-through RJ12 cable, twisted pair, unshielded, 300V cat.III40/+85°C.			

12. PERFORMANCE CLASSES

The performance classes are drawn up in compliance with IEC 61557-12 Edition 1 (08/2007)

Classification of the DIRIS Digiware	DD in combination with specified sensors (TE, TR, TF)
Temperature	K55
Overall operating performance class for active power or active energy	0.5 in combination with TE solid-core sensors 1 in combination with TR or TF split-core sensors

12.1. Specification of the characteristics

Symbol	Function	Overall operating performance class for DIRIS Digiware + associated sensors*(TE, TR, TF) in compliance with IEC 61557-12	Measurement range
Pa	Total active power	0.2 DIRIS Digiware only 0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	10% 120% In 2% 120% In 2% 120% In
Q _A , Q _V	Total reactive power (arithmetic, vectorial)	1 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	5% 120% ln
S _A , S _V	Total apparent power (arithmetic, vectorial)	0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	10% 120% In
Ea	Total active energy	0.2 DIRIS Digiware only 0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	10% 120% In 2% 120% In 2% 120% In
Er _A , Er _V	Total reactive energy (arithmetic, vectorial)	2 with TE solid-core sensors 2 with TR or TF split-core sensors	5% 120% ln
Eap _A , Eap _V	Total apparent energy (arithmetic, vectorial)	1 with TR or TF split-core sensors 0.5 with TE solid-core sensors	10% 120% In 45 65 Hz
f	Frequency	0.02	
I, IN	Phase current, measured neutral current	0.2 DIRIS Digiware only 0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	5% 120% In 10% 120% In 10% 120% In
INc	Calculated neutral current	1 with TE solid-core sensors 2 with TR or TF split-core sensors	10% 120% In
U	Voltage (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	50 300 VAC Ph/N
PF _A , PF _V	Power factor (arithmetic, vectorial)	0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	0.5 lagging to 0.8 leading
Pst, Plt	Flicker (short-term, long-term)	-	-
Udip	Voltage dip (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.5	-
Uswl	Temporary overvoltages (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.5	-
Uint	Voltage outage (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	-
Unba	Voltage amplitude unbalance (Lp-N)	0.5	-
Unb	Voltage phase and amplitude unbalance (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	-
THDu, THD-Ru	Total harmonic distortion rate of the voltage (relative to the fundamental, relative to the efficient value)	1	Orders 1 to 63
Uh	Voltage harmonics	1	-
THDi, THD-Ri	Total harmonic distortion rate of the current (relative to the fundamental, relative to the efficient value)	1	Orders 1 to 63
lh	Current harmonics	1	-
Msv	Centralised remote control signals	-	-

 $^{^{*}}$ With SOCOMEC connection cables.

12.2. Evaluation of the power supply quality

Symbol	Function	Overall operating performance class for DIRIS Digiware + associated sensors (TE, TR, TF) in compliance with IEC 61557-12	Measurement range
f	Frequency	0.02	45 65 Hz
I, IN	Phase current, measured neutral current	0.2 DIRIS B-30 only 0.5 with TE solid-core sensors 1 with TR or TF split-core sensors	5% 120% In 10% 120% In 10% 120% In
INc	Calculated neutral current	1 with TE solid-core sensors 2 with TR split-core or TF flexible sensors	10% 120% ln
U	Voltage (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	50 300 VAC Ph/N
Pst, Plt	Flicker (short-term, long-term)	-	-
Udip	Voltage dip (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.5	-
Uswl	Temporary overvoltages (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.5	-
Uint	Voltage outage (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	-
Unba	Voltage amplitude unbalance (Lp-N)	0.5	-
Unb	Voltage phase and amplitude unbalance (Lp-Lg or Lp-N)	0.2	-
Uh	Voltage harmonics	1	-
lh	Current harmonics	1	-
Msv	Centralised remote control signals	-	-



